

# BACHELOR OF FINE ART IN PAINTING (BFA) ADMISSION TEST 2016-17

Particular to be filled in by the  
candidate:



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Signature of the Invigilator

1. Name of the Centre

Department of Fine Arts

Time:  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hour

Maximum Marks: 100

2. Date of Test

2.6.16

Instruction to Candidates

1. All questions are compulsory. Each question is followed by four options as (a), (b), (c) & (d). Select any of the answer, which you consider as the most appropriate and fill the correct circle in the OMR with black or blue ball pen.
2. Candidates resorting to unfair means in the test shall be dealt with as per the university rules.
3. incorrect answer shall result in a negative score of 25 percent. For instant, if the correct answer to a question would get one mark, the incorrect answer would take away 0.25 marks.

3. Roll Number (in Figure)

102004

4. Roll Number (Words)

Akhan

Candidates Signatures

DEPARTMENT OF FINE ARTS  
ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH  
ADMISSION TEST

BACHELOR OF FINE ARTS (BFA) 2016-17

Objective Type Questions (Multiple answer questions)



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1. Black and White is called:

- (A) Primary Color (B) Secondary Color  
(C) Neutral Color (D) Complementary Color

2. Non representational art is also called as:

- (A) Figurative Art (B) Abstract Art  
(C) Realistic Art (D) Naturalistic Art

3. Emperor who has been an appreciator of birds and nature was:

- (A) Shah Jahan (B) Akbar  
(C) Jahangir (D) Aurangzeb

4. Wash painting is a special feature of:

- (A) Mughal School (B) Rajasthan School  
(C) Company School (D) Bengal School

5. What is hatching:

- (A) Scrambling with pencil  
(B) They are numerous fine lines to create shade and shadows  
(C) Blending with pencil for shading  
(D) Fine dots by pencil

6. Ajanta caves are famous for:

- (A) Temples (B) Terracotta  
(C) Wall Painting (D) Architecture

7. Plato is a famous:

- (A) Politician (B) Philosopher  
(C) Painter (D) Activist

8. Madam Tusr is a name of:

- (A) Palace (B) Novel  
(C) An Actress (D) Museum

9. Which lines are called parallel lines:

- (A) They are always the same distance apart (B) Change their distance time to time  
(C) They meet at the end of the point (D) They are angular in same direction

BFA OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS – 2016-17 -1/5



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10. Mother Goddess found at Mohenjo-Daro is made of:

- (A) Stone(B) Copper  
(C) Bronze(D) Terracotta



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11. The Path of moving point is called:

- (A) Line(B) Balance  
(C) Height(D) Rhythm

12. Combination of blue and green side of the color wheel is called

- (A) Cool Color(B) Warm Color  
(C) Neutral Color(D) Primary Color

13. Scattered lines reflect

- (A) Peace (B) Balance  
(C) Disturbance (D) Meditation

14. A work of art done on a smaller scale

- (A) Miniature Art(B) Decorative Art  
(C) Logo Painting(D) High contrast painting

15. Sculpture in which figures emerge three dimensionally from a flat surface is called

- (A) High Relief(B) Hatching  
(C) Graphic(D) Lino cut

16. Art which is not recorded is

- (A) Pre-historic Art(B) Abstract Art  
(C) Classical Art(D) Byzantine Art

17. The oldest cave of Ajanta is

- (A) Cave No. 9 and 10(B) Cave No. 01  
(C) Cave No. 12(D) Cave No. 16

18. Jamini Roy was inspired by

- (A) Worli folk (B) Kalighat Painting  
(C) Madhubani (D) Phulkari

19. Artistic remains of Indus Valley civilization is preserved at

- (A) National Museum, New Delhi(B) Salarjung Museum, Hyderabad  
(C) Kolkata Museum(D) Patna Museum

20. The set of three basic hues from which all other hues are produced

- (A) Primary Color(B) Secondary Color  
(C) Tertiary Color(D) Complementary Color



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21. Munshi Prem Chand is a well known  
(A) Art Critic (B) Historian  
(C) Novelist (D) Film Maker
22. Proportion determines  
(A) Size of the canvas (B) Ratio of the surface  
(C) Pattern on the surface (D) Placement on the canvas
23. Badshahnama was written and painted during the period of  
(A) Akbar (B) Shah Jahan  
(C) Jahangir (D) Aurangzeb
24. The painting "Veena Vadini" was made by  
(A) Ravindra nath Tagore (B) A. K. Haldar  
(C) K. N. Majumdar (D) Nandlal Bose
25. Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro comes under the area of  
(A) Nepal (B) Only India  
(C) Only Pakistan (D) Both India and Pakistan
26. Bihar is well known for  
(A) Murals (B) Temples  
(C) Madhubani (D) Red Stones
27. The technique of Sistine chapel is  
(A) Oil (B) Acrylic  
(C) Water Color (D) Fresco
28. How many limbs are there in Indian Art?  
(A) Three (B) Four  
(C) Five (D) Six
29. Painter 'Sahibdin' was related to  
(A) Mughal School (B) Mewar School  
(C) Jaipur School (D) Pahari School
30. Seal of Bull is preserved in  
(A) Kala Bhavan (B) National Museum  
(C) Hyderabad Museum (D) Mathura Museum
31. "Shram ki Vijay" a very famous sculpture created by?  
(A) Ramkinkar (B) Devi Pd. Roy Choudhary  
(C) Shanku Choudhary (D) Raja Ravi Verma



32. Basoli is situated at

- (A) Kathua (Jammu) (B) Ram Garh  
(C) Amritsar (D) Chamba

33. Which of the following is a famous woman artist of India:

- (A) Sarojni Naidu (B) Mother Teresa  
(C) Quratul Aen Haider (D) Amrita Sher Gill

34. The Source of water in ancient Egypt was

- (A) Tigris river (B) Indus river  
(C) Nile River (D) Euphrates river

35. Which among these is not a painting?

- (A) The Last Supper (B) The Last Judgment  
(C) David (D) The Golden Dust

36. What is the difference between Paintings and Sculpture?

- (A) Painting is three dimensional and Sculpture is two dimensional.  
(B) Painting is dimensionless and sculpture is two dimensions.  
(C) Painting is two dimensional and sculpture is three dimensional  
(D) Painting and sculpture are dimensionless.

37. Mughal Painter Mansoor is famous for:

- (A) Portrait Paintings (B) Landscapes Paintings  
(C) Birds Paintings (D) Reptile Painting

38. Who was the creator of the painting "The Last Judgment"?

- (A) Leonardo da Vinci (B) Rembrandt  
(C) Michael Angelo (D) Raphael

39. A famous Horse series paintings created by famous painter?

- (A) Tyeb Mehta (B) S H Raza  
(C) M F Husain (D) Jehangir Sabavala

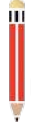
40. The intellectual and cultural centre of the Renaissance was

- (A) Florence (B) Rome  
(C) Naples (D) Venice

41. The art that involves computer technology is called:

- (A) Naturalistic art (B) Realistic art  
(C) Digital art (D) Junk art





42. Which Color is not a secondary Color?  
(A) Purple (B) Green  
(C) Blue (D) Orange
43. The main theme at the Sanchi Stupas is related to:  
(A) Hinduism (B) Jainism  
(C) Buddhism (D) Sikhism
44. Etching is a:  
(A) Sculptural technique (B) Graphic technique  
(C) Digital Technique (D) Textile technique
45. Ernest Binfield Havell is known for his association with:  
(A) Bengal School (B) Company School  
(C) Progressive Groups (D) Cholla:mandal
46. Photoshop is a term associated with  
(A) Print making (B) Digital application  
(C) Mathematics (D) Fashion
47. Which one of the following is a famous Indian Painter?  
(A) Ram Gopal Verma (B) Raja Ravi Verma  
(C) Picasso (D) Dali
48. The Bollywood film Lagan is set in the context of:  
(A) Kargil War (B) Bombay Riots  
(C) Mughal Empire (D) Colonial India
49. Jataka tales is a well known theme of:  
(A) Hindu Art (B) Jain Art  
(C) Buddhist Art (D) Islamic Art
50. The emblem of Indian Republic is taken from:  
(A) Hindu art (B) Buddhist art  
(C) Jain art (D) Islamic art

